

香港中文大學校地廣大，多數的建築座落於山上，在校內的交通上只能靠步行或校車，然而出了學校便是地鐵站，距離百貨林立的沙田也僅有兩站之隔，值得一提的是逛遍了香港的街道商場後，前往深圳其實也只要搭大約二十分的地鐵就能到，十分的方便。此外港中大的一大特點為學生的組成相當多元，國際生便佔整體學生四成以上，所以不論是課內課外都有很多的機會與各國的學生進行交流。最後香港的夜生活也是一個令我難忘的體驗，像是浪漫的維多利亞港，蘭桂坊的酒吧以及將香港夜景淨收眼底的太平山，都替這次的香港之旅加分不少。

修課上我這學期選修了兩門廣東話以及策略管理，這三堂課我都相當推薦，首先廣東話一堂是教口說另一堂是教文法，並且這二堂都是專門為國際生設計的課程，因此我很快便能以簡單的廣東話點餐或是一些簡單的生活應用；策略管理的上課方式與在中山系上的上課方式差異頗大，除了每週需要提前準備個案報告，教授要求所有人於課堂中要不斷的發言回答問題，並且常透過分組的方式進行討論甚至上台發表，一開始我並不太適應，但是當發言變成習慣後便覺得上課時間過得很快並且每次都收穫良多。

課外活動除了每個週末我會與其他交換生到處玩，像是坐船到外島爬山，夜遊學校後山的自然保護區，海洋公園一日遊，深圳世界之窗一日遊等等，宿舍樓下的海景健身房是我到現在還十分想念的地方。當然偶爾無聊，會去逛逛百貨公司，品嚐港式飲茶，米其林餐廳，我認為這些體驗都會促使我日後再次光顧香港。

此次交換的感想莫過於親身經歷反送中運動，從原本和平訴諸理念的社會運動演變成直接在大學外面開戰對峙的衝突，原本校方一再保證全香港最安全的地方頓時成為警察攻堅的首要目的地，我想或許此生都很難再遇到有如電影般狼籍的校園，隨處可見激烈衝突所留下的痕跡，如此場景在我與一群交換生大包小包扛著行李逃亡機場的路上，所有的視覺衝擊與有如暴風雨來襲緊張的氣氛，一切是如此的真實且深刻，在我們一行人搭著計程車前往機場的路上，腦中浮現的皆是與我一樣同是學生卻未了他們的未來頑強抵抗的香港年輕人，幾個禮拜前大家還疑同在圖書館討論期末報告的呈現，如今他們卻在為了香港的未來奮戰，這或許是台灣年輕人很難體會到的。最後，我非常慶幸能到港中大交換，除了學校享譽國際的學術聲望，能有機會與來自世界各地優秀的學生交流實在令我受益良多，所謂讀萬卷書不如行萬里路，雖然僅有短短的三個月，但我結識的夥伴與課堂上交流，將幫助我日後在國外工作或是出國旅旅遊，都能更加從容的面對各種情形，當然身處香港反送中最水深火熱的時期會是我常常津津樂道的經歷。

Talking about my exchange life in Hong Kong, the impact of Anti-Extradition movement is the most impressive part of it. The past few months have taken a heavy toll on Hong Kong's most vulnerable. From creating biohazards on the fly and heightening the risk to and strain on street cleaners and repair workers, to the domino effect of the drastic decline in tourist numbers, the unrest has not only thrown under the bus the voiceless but also allowed political forces to use them selectively as scapegoats and battering rams in the ongoing blame game. The government blames the protesters for disrupting the livelihoods of ordinary civilians; the protesters accuse the government of being recalcitrant and the primary cause of Hong Kong's descent into anarchy. In the meantime, those who cannot pay, who may not vote and who are not media-savvy end up bearing immense physical and economic costs. So much for a brighter and better Hong Kong.

There is much that we ought to do. To begin with, spare a thought for the heavily underpaid, severely overworked people tasked with cleaning up the mess left behind after both

large-scale rallies and small-scale confrontations.

The economic costs of shop boycotts and encirclement campaigns do not affect the wealthiest and most privileged investors and business owners - rather, they are transferred to those who can neither speak out nor fight back against forces and decisions beyond their control. Given our collective wealth as a society, perhaps the government ought to ramp up its current subsidies and offer employment and vocational retraining to workers who have been laid off.